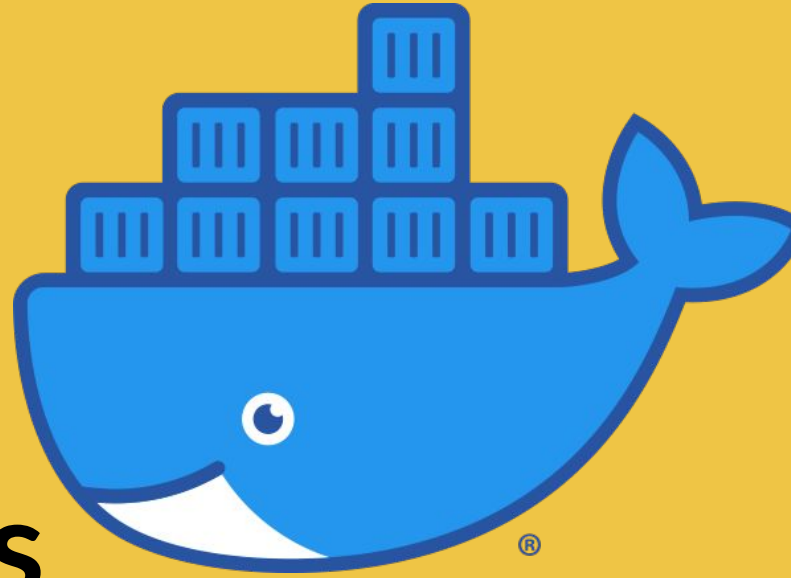


---

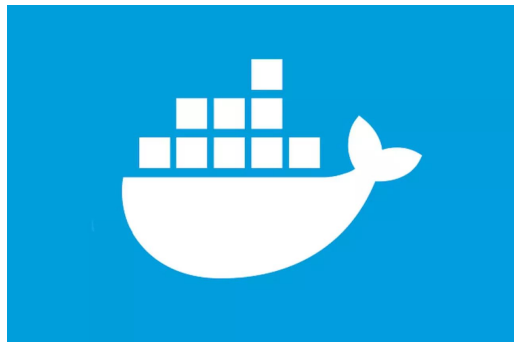
# Docker

- Installation
- Basic Commands



Cloudakshay

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# Overview

## Docker

### Basic Information

- What is Docker
- Why we need Docker
- Advantages
- Images and Container
- Docker File
- Docker Hub
- Docker Workflow
- Docker Eco System

### Basic Commands

### Disadvantages

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# What is Docker

- Open-source Centralised Platform designed to Create, deploy and run applications
- It Uses Container on the host OS to run applications It allows applications to use the same linux Kernel as a System on the host Computer rather than Creating a whole Virtual O S
- We Can install Docker on any OS but D.E. runs natively on Linux Distribution
- Docker written in 'go language '
- OS Level Virtualization also Known as Containerization
- Docker is a Set of PAAS

First Release in March 2013 by Solomon hykes and Sebastain Pahl

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# Why We Need Docker

- Before Docker many user faces the problem that particular Code running the developer's system but not in the User's System
  - For distributing your app's OS with a team, and as a version control system.
  - Conventional Deployment takes longer time
  - Infrastructure development takes time
  - Application portability is a challenge (it works on my machine)
  - Manual deployment scripts are difficult to manage and version control.
-

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# Docker Advantages

- Rapid Deployment
  - No pre-allocation of RAM
  - CI Efficiency , Build App only once
  - Less Cost and light weight
  - It can run on the Physical H/W ,VM
  - You can reuse the image
  - Less time to create container (VM)
  - Version Controlling
  - Portability
  - Isolation
-

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# Docker Images

- Read only template used to create containers
- Stored in the Docker Hub or in your local registry
- Image is a Read Only Template and is use to create container
- You can't Edit , But u can delete
- 2 Method to create Image ( Interactive Method ,Dockerfile Method)

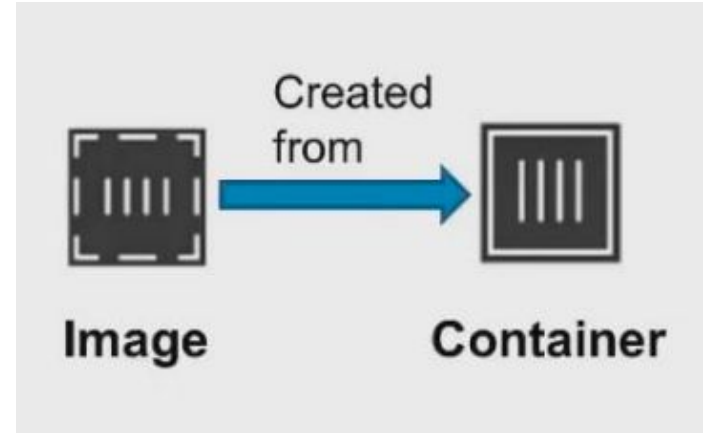
A Docker image is made up of a collection of files that bundle together all the essentials, such as installations, application code and dependencies, required to configure a fully operational container environment.

---

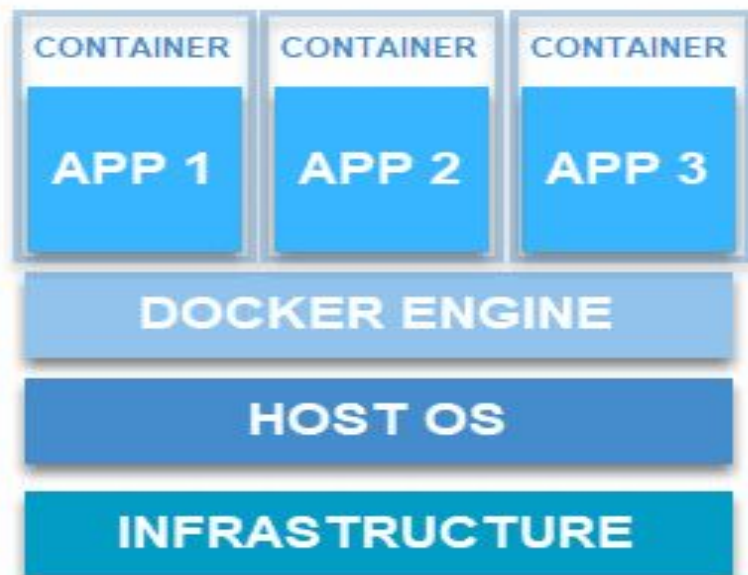
---

# Docker Containers

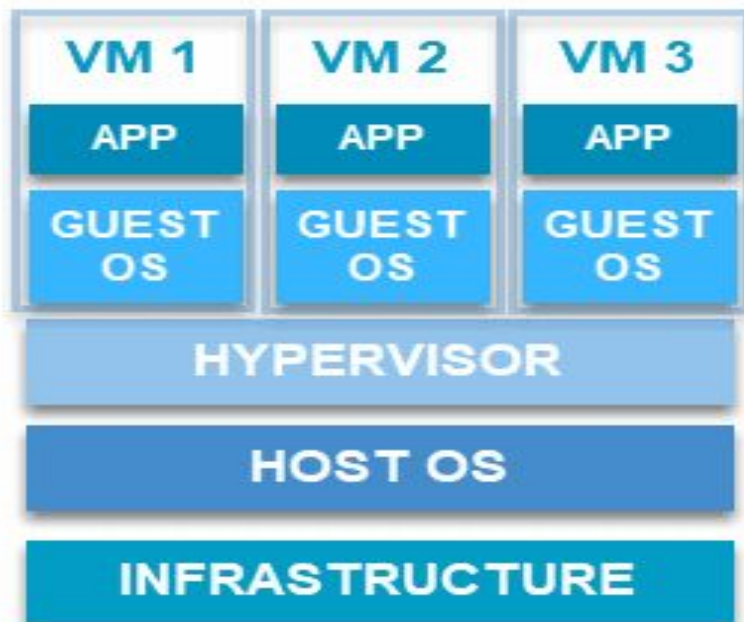
- Running State of Image
- It is Like a Virtual Machine
- It Works on Layered File System
- Runnable instance of a docker image
- Isolated application platform
- Contains everything needed to run your application
- Based on one or more images
  - Each container has its own Root file system , Processes ,Memory , Devices , Network ports



## DOCKER CONTAINERS



## VIRTUAL MACHINES

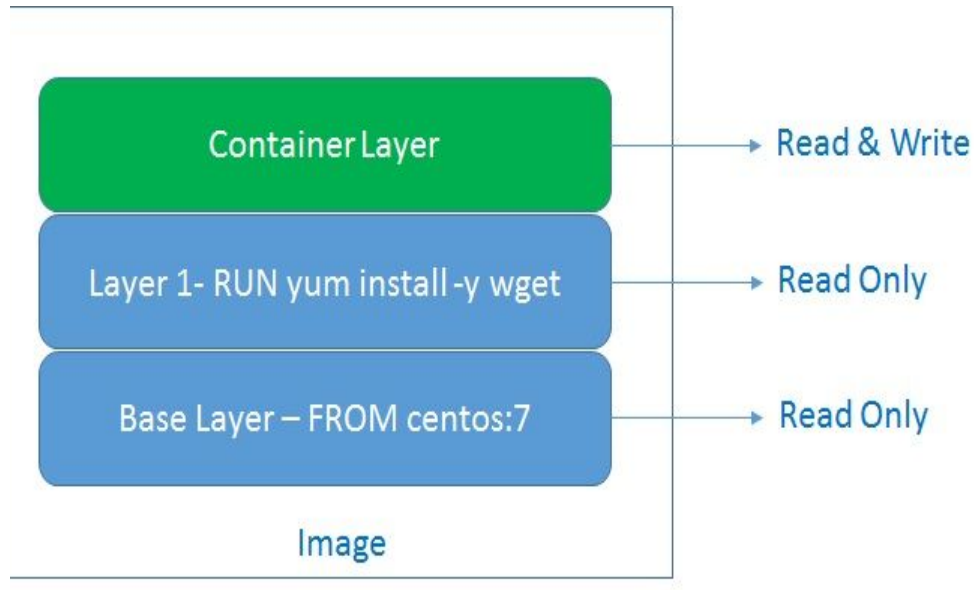
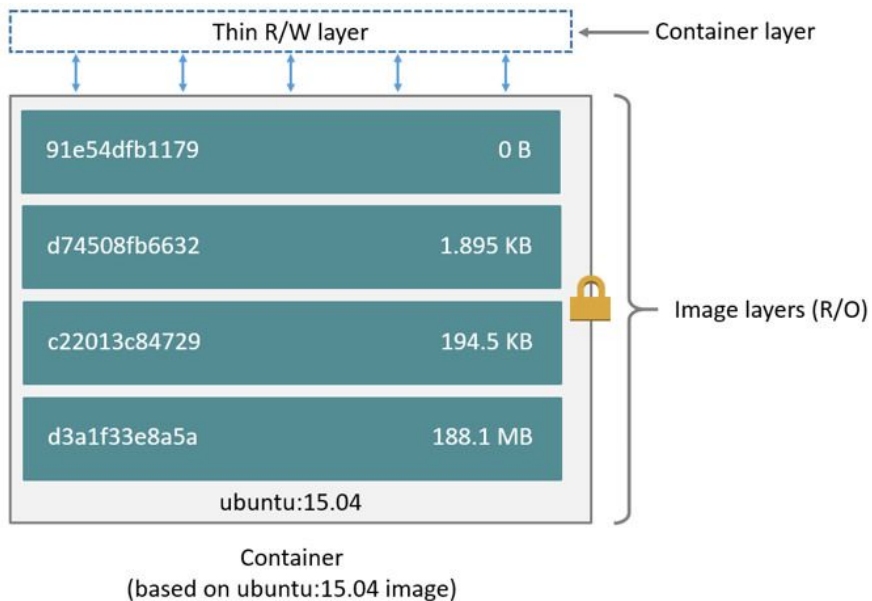
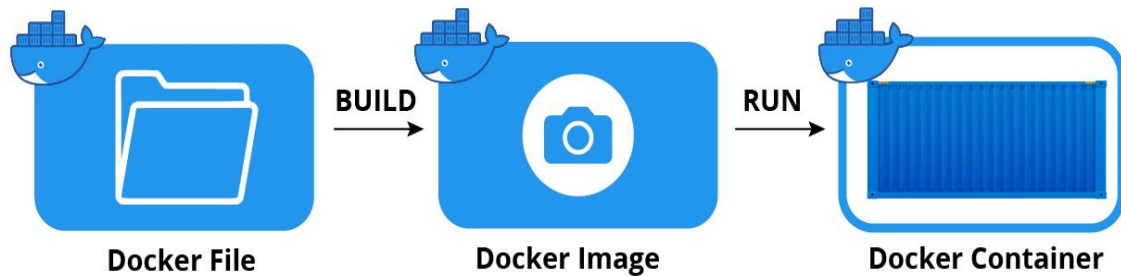




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## Docker File

- A **Dockerfile** is a text document that contains all the commands a user could call on the command line to assemble an image.
  - Using **docker build** users can create an automated build that executes several command-line instructions in succession.
-



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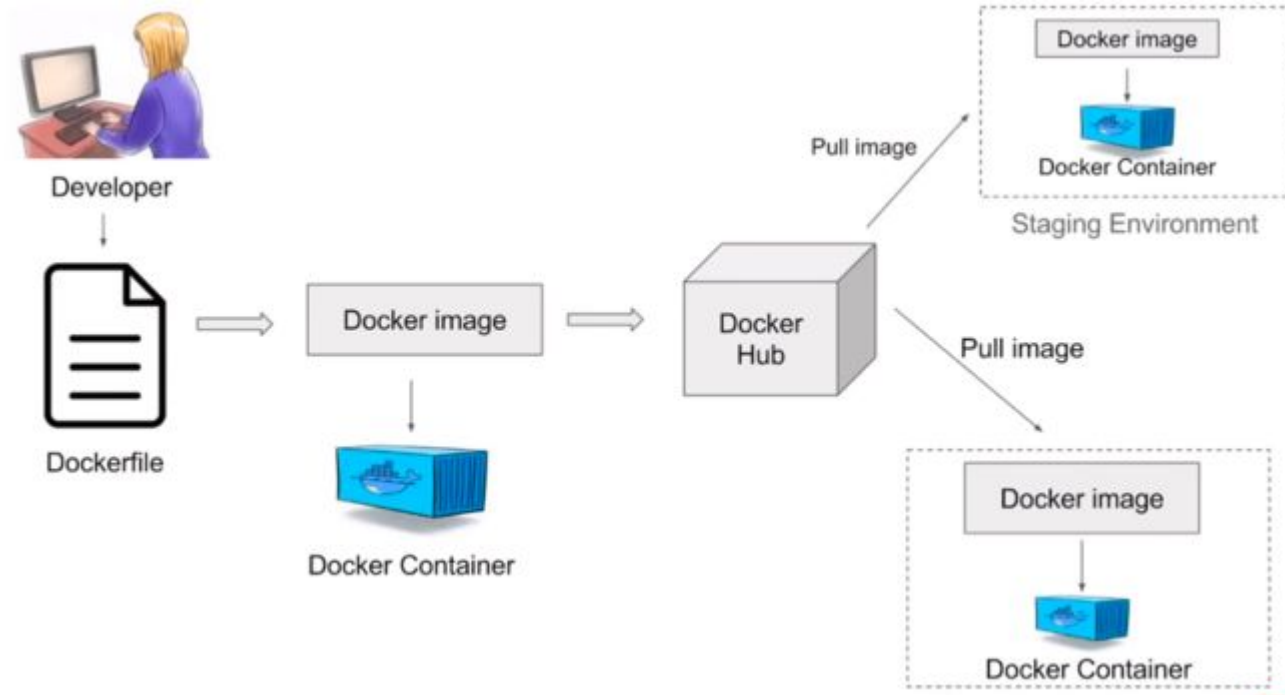
# Docker Hub

- Docker Hub is the world's largest repository of container images with an array of content sources including container community
- **Docker Hub** is a hosted repository service provided by **Docker** for finding and sharing container images with your team.
- Private Repositories: Push and pull container images.
- Automated Builds: Automatically build container images from GitHub and Bitbucket and push them to **Docker Hub**.
- Users get access to free public repositories for storing and sharing images or can choose subscription plan for private repos.

For more info click on link [here](#)

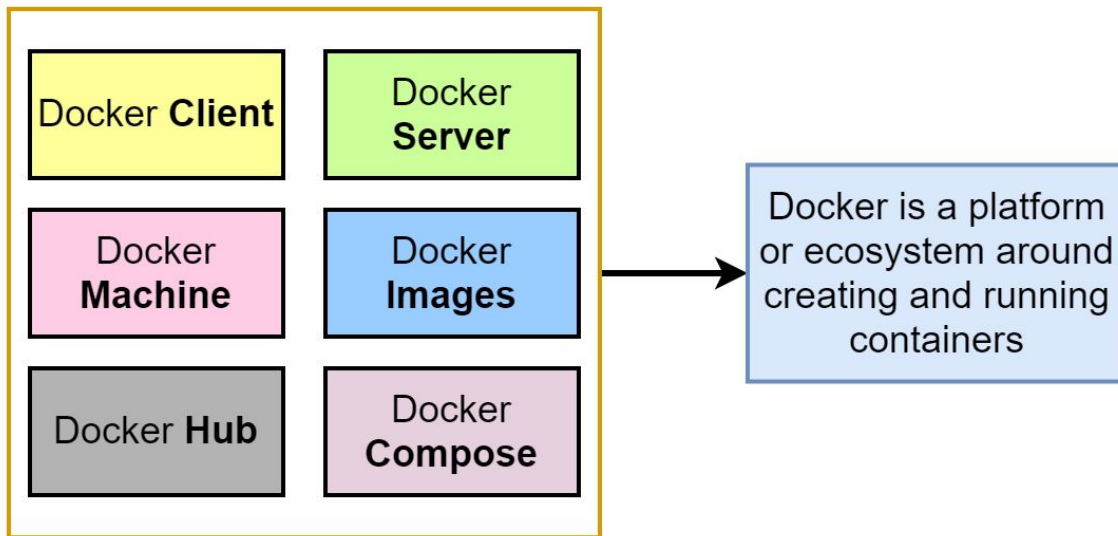
---

# Docker Work Flow



# Docker Eco System

## Docker Ecosystem



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# Basic Command

- `docker -version` To check currently installed version of docker
- `service docker start/stop` To Start/stop service Docker (Engine)
- `docker images` To check images Locally
- `docker pull` To Pull Image from Docker hub
- `docker run` Combination of Create and Start

( Usage: `docker run -it --name container <image name>:1.1 /bin/bash` )

- `docker ps` To List the Running Container ( ps =Process status )
  - `docker ps -a` To list the all container ( Running and Exited Containers )
  - `docker search` To Find out the image in Docker Hub
  - `docker start/stop` To start/stop Container
  - `docker attach` To go inside the container
  - `docker rm` To Remove the Container
-

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# Docker Disadvantages

- Not a Good solution for Rich GUI
  - Difficult to Manage Large Amount (Containers )
  - Cross platform compatibility issue
  - Only suitable when team OS is same
  - No solution For data recovery & Backup
-

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# Thank You

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